FIRST HALF PRESENTATION



Innovating the future of metal manufacturing

Rapid Plasma Deposition[®] - Additive manufacturing technology replacing legacy structural forgings



Forging then Labor intensive **Forging now** Capital and energy intensive The future of Forging Rapid Plasma Deposition[®] (RPD[®])

Record high activity level moving into the second half 2023

Key events in the first half 2023

- Entered into a strategic Collaboration Agreement with ATI Inc., a global producer of high-performance materials and solutions for the aerospace and defense markets
- Increase in the number of parts identified by existing customers for transition to serial production and significant new customer development activities
- Total revenue and other income of USD 1.1 million up +19% from the same period last year

| | Year end 2022 | 30 June 2023 | Description | |
|---|---------------|--------------|--|--|
| Parts in serial production | 7 | 8 | Parts in serial production for tier-1 suppliers to leading OEMs in target markets | |
| Parts in development for transition into production | 9 | 20 | OEM identified parts for transition to production using established material specifications | |
| Annual recurring revenue of parts in pipeline | \$3m | \$24m | Estimated total business opportunity for existing parts in production and forecasted annual demand for parts in development for transition into production at full-rate production | |
| Development Engagements | 6 | 10 | Number of development engagements that will expand addressable markets | |



Delays in first half 2023 approvals impacting near term revenue



• Experienced and resolved production transition issues

Delays in qualification approvals impacting 2023 revenues – Long term target of USD 150m of revenue in 2026

Completed initial development of a

large part with General Atomics ASI



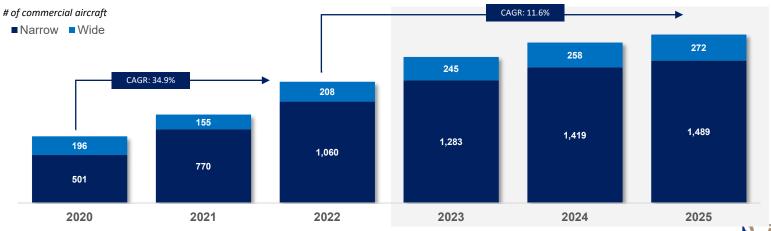
Commercial Aerospace growth cycle

Commercial Aerospace

- Changes to the aerospace business caused by the downturn of COVID-19 will shape the industry for years to come
- Having retired older aircraft, fleets will be younger and more fuel-efficient
- Commercial aerospace recovery continues as U.S. domestic air travel is coming back to pre-pandemic levels and international travel is expected to fully recover by 2024 / 2025
- According to the FAA, system traffic in revenue passenger miles (RPMs) is projected to increase by 5.5% a year between 2021 and 2041
- Well positioned to capture revenue growth from growing industry trends through existing partnerships with Airbus and Boeing



Narrow-body and Wide-body Production Rates





Majority of revenue from development programs – expected to translate into recurring part sales in the second half 2023

Condensed income statement (USDm)

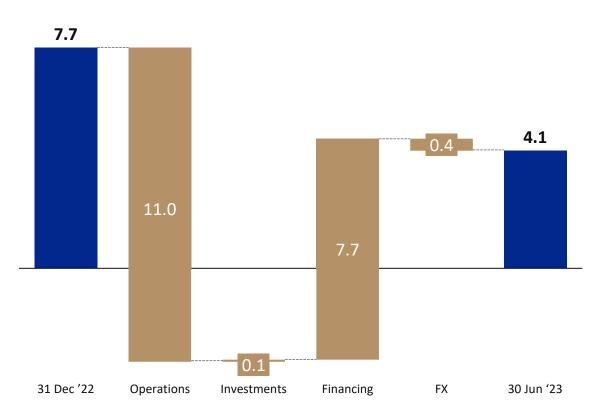
| (unaudited) | 1H'23 | 1H'22 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue | 0.9 | 0.1 | 1.0 |
| Other income | 0.2 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| Total revenues and other income | 1.1 | 0.9 | 3.2 |
| Operating expenses (OPEX) | (13.0) | (10.9) | (22.0) |
| EBITDA | (11.9) | (10.0) | (18.8) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | (1.0) | (1.2) | (2.6) |
| Net financials | 7.7 | 13.4 | 12.0 |
| Profit/loss before tax | (5.2) | 2.1 | (9.4) |
| Income tax expense | (0.0) | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Net profit/loss | (5.2) | 2.1 | (9.4) |

- Revenue reflecting USD 0.2 million from sales of parts in serial production and USD 0.7 million from products and services on development programs
- Other income reflects recognition of grants
- 19% OPEX increase related to increased raw materials and employee benefit expenses due to higher level of commercial activity
- EBITDA-loss of USD 11.9 million
- High net financial income related to FX-gains
- Net loss of USD 5.2 million



Disciplined approach to remain within target cash burn rate despite high operating activities

First half 2023 cash flow (USDm)



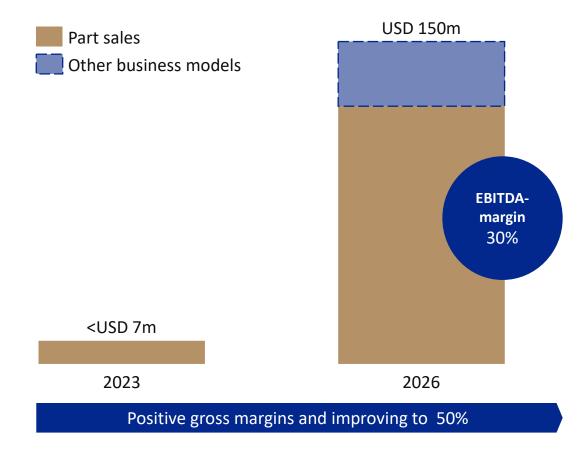
- Operating expenses focused on qualification and testing qualifying parts into serial production
- Average monthly cash burn¹ was USD 1.9 million in the first half, up USD 0.3m from the same period last year
- Limited investments as NTI has RPD-machines with ~2x capacity to reach its long-term 2026 targets
- Financing reflecting share issue in March
- Subsequent to the first half the two largest shareholders have agreed to provide a bridge loan of USD 2.0m while the Company continues to evaluate financing and strategic alternatives

1) Alternative performance measure, defined as: (Net change in cash and equivalents – proceeds from issuance of share capital – transaction cost) / number of months in period



Growth to 2026 from accelerated RPD-adoption in target markets

Maintaining guidance to USD 150m revenue in 2026



- Main growth drivers towards 2026
 - 1. High value-add Commercial Aerospace parts
 - 2. High volume parts from Industrial segment
 - 3. Smaller volumes of larger parts from Defense
- Upside potential in non-recurring business models
 RPD[®] machine sales, IP licenses, JVs, and other being evaluated
- Part sales contribution margin expected to increase with scale
- Targeting EBITDA-margin of 30% in 2026
- USD 400 million invested over the past 12 years



Norsk Titanium set for take off







Parts supplier

170+ patents

granted

100+

Direct replacement



35 machines 700 tons capacity



USD 300m revenue capacity



US & Norway locations



Material specification



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3 markets presence

employees



Qualified